

# Experiences and Future Planning in Neonatal and Pediatric Critical Care Transport

Empowering the Next Generation  
Investment in Preventable Infant  
Deaths by a Healthy Start

Taipei, March 27, 2024

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With input from:

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Dr. Hilary Whyte

Maite Browning (ACTS Educator)

# Overview

Organizational and Historical Context of the ACTS Team

Neonatal and Paediatric Aspects of Our Team

Expansion from a Neonatal to a Neonatal-Paediatric Mandate

Leveraging New Technologies



Geography, population distribution,  
and the **healthcare network**  
impact the optimal organization of  
**transport teams.**



How is interfacility transport performed in Ontario?



# How is interfacility transport performed in Ontario?



**\*830** 

## Emergency Medical Services

- 59 locally-based teams
- Northern and Southern Ontario and First Nation services
- Local land ambulance fleet

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- Local land ambulance fleet

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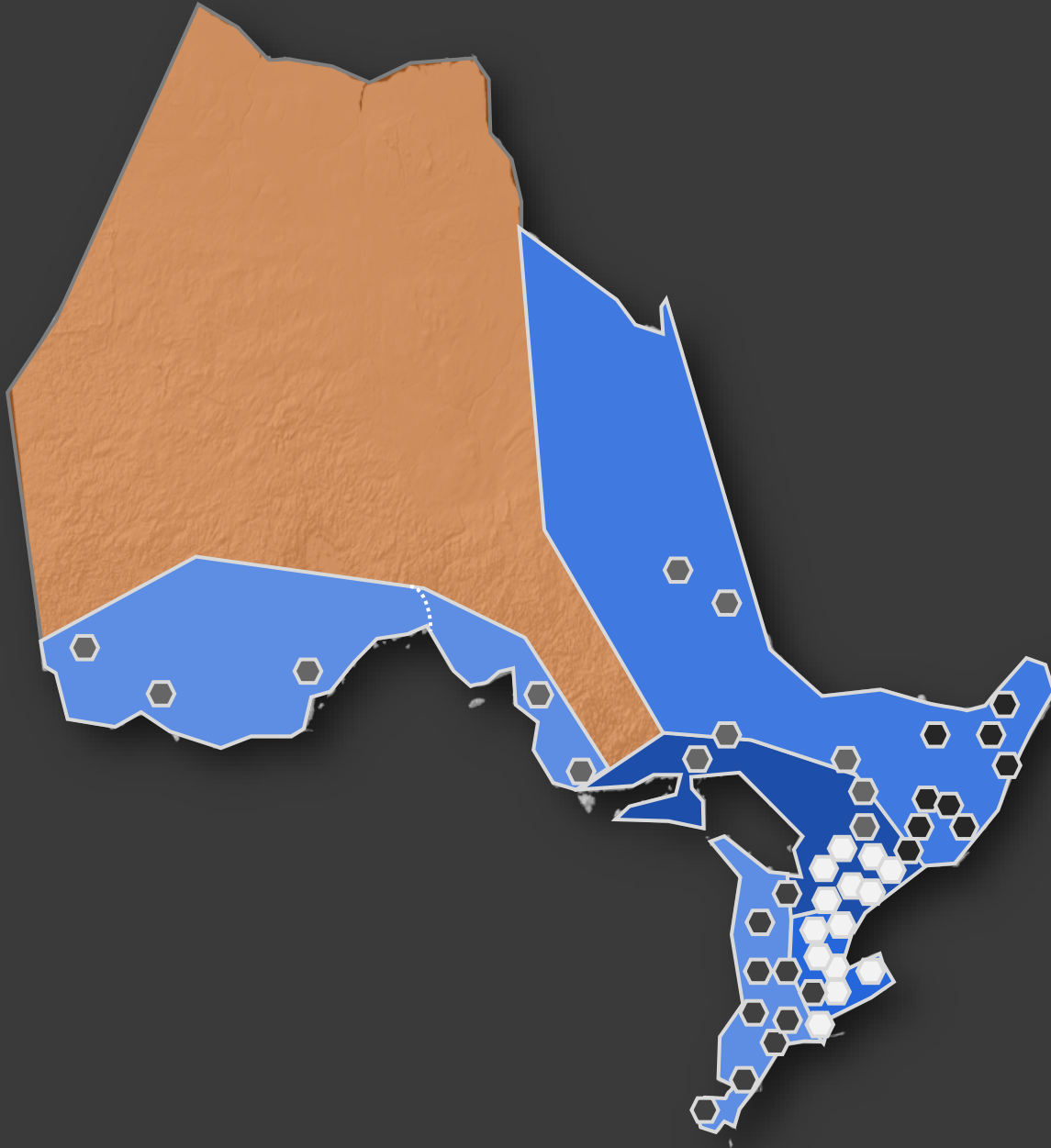
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## ORNGE

- Provincial air-ambulance program with associated ground transport
- 20,000 transports per year

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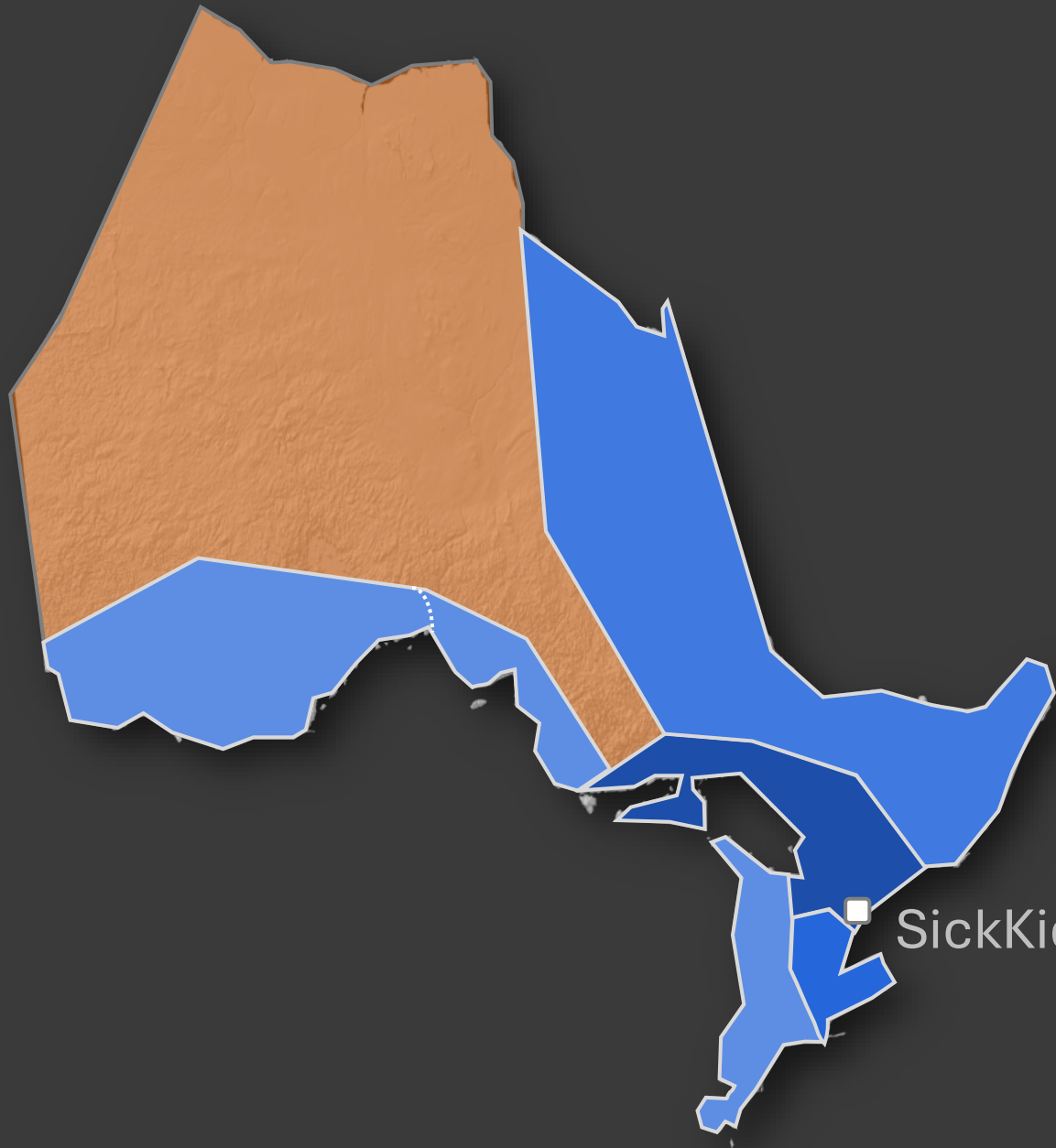
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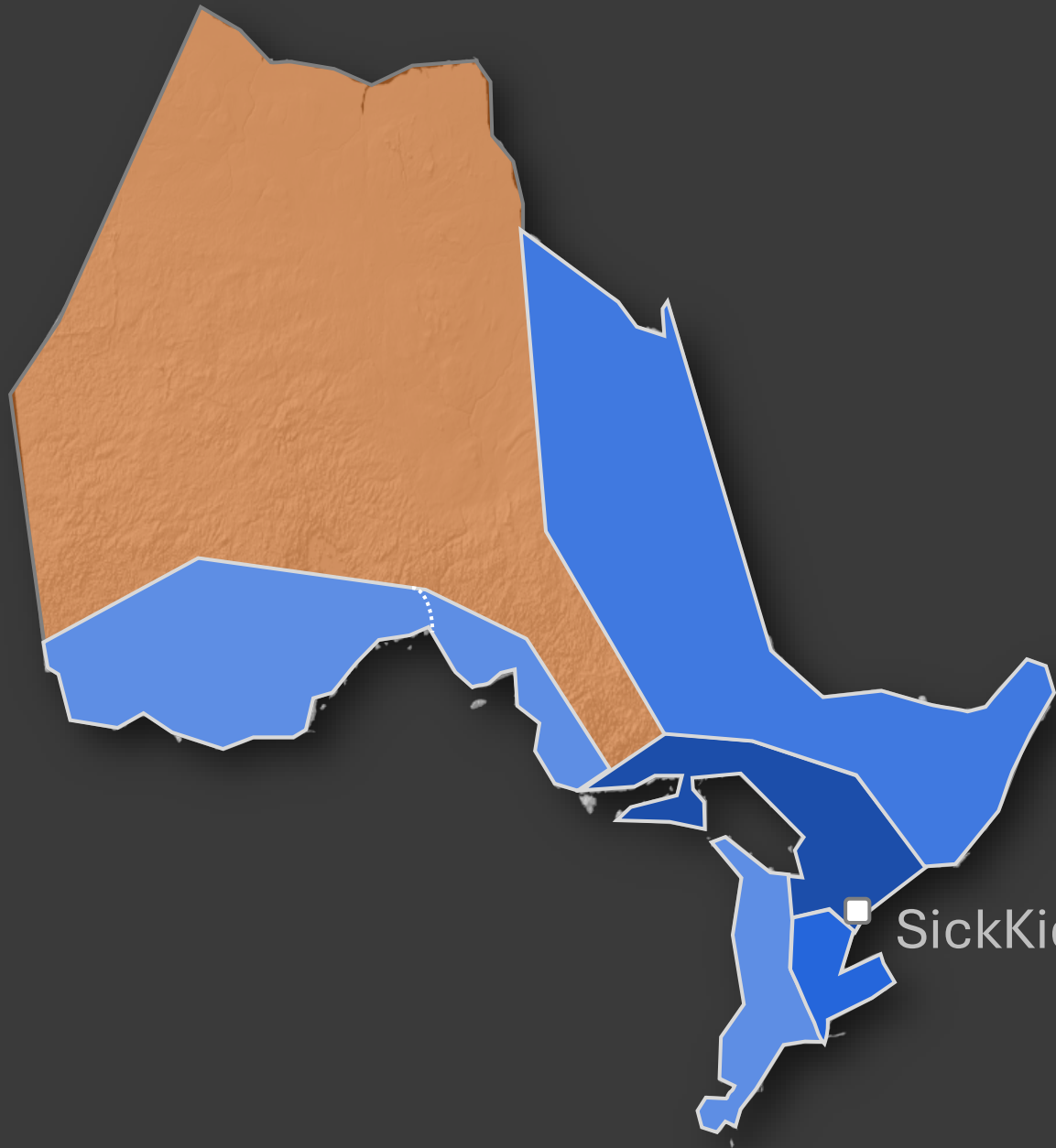
## Hospital-based teams

- 4 teams, 5<sup>th</sup> one being established
- Neonatal or neonatal-paediatric
- Custom land ambulances (1 team)



SickKids' ACTS Team





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Neonatal Transport Team established



Expansion to ≤2 years



Expansion to ≤12 years



Expansion to ≤17 years

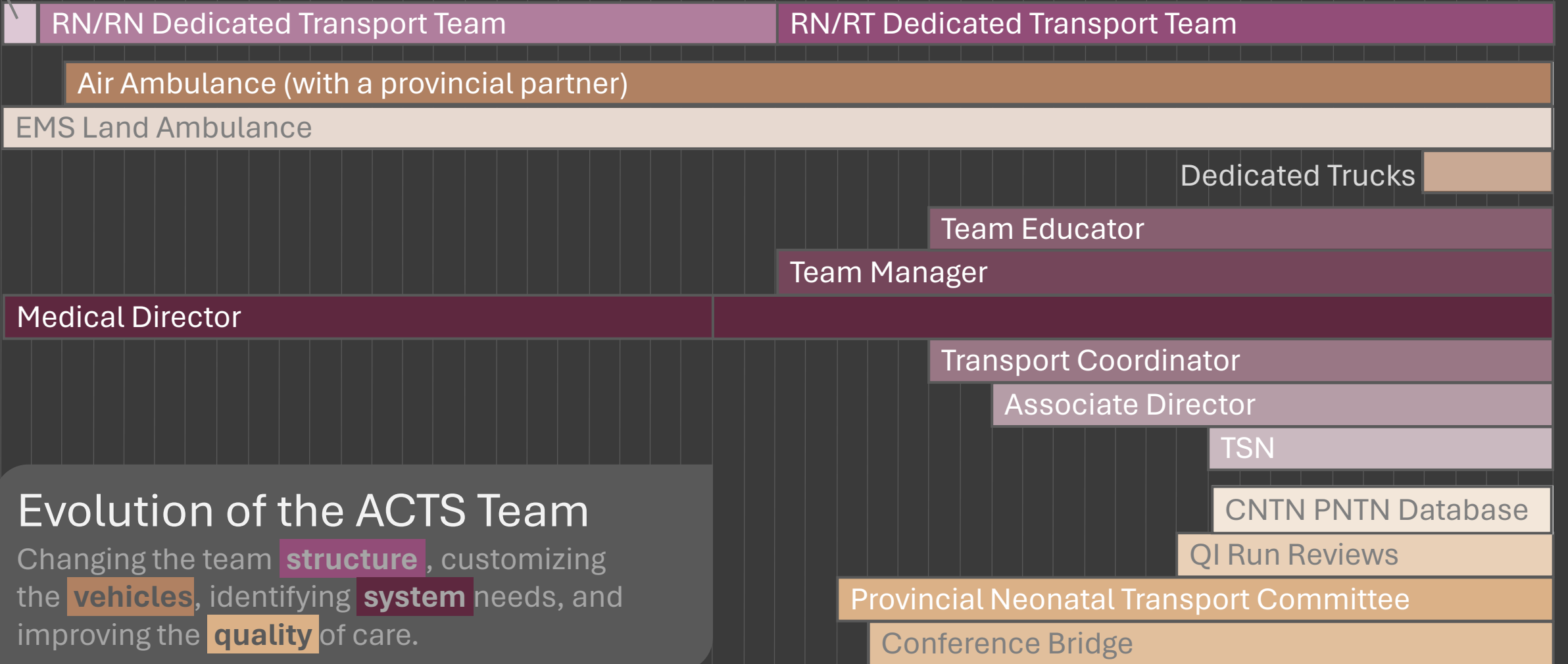
## Evolution of the ACTS Team

Changing the team **structure**, customizing the **vehicles**, identifying **system** needs, and improving the **quality** of care.

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\* Neonatal Transport Team established  
Expansion to ≤2 years  
Expansion to ≤12 years  
Expansion to ≤17 years

RN/MD



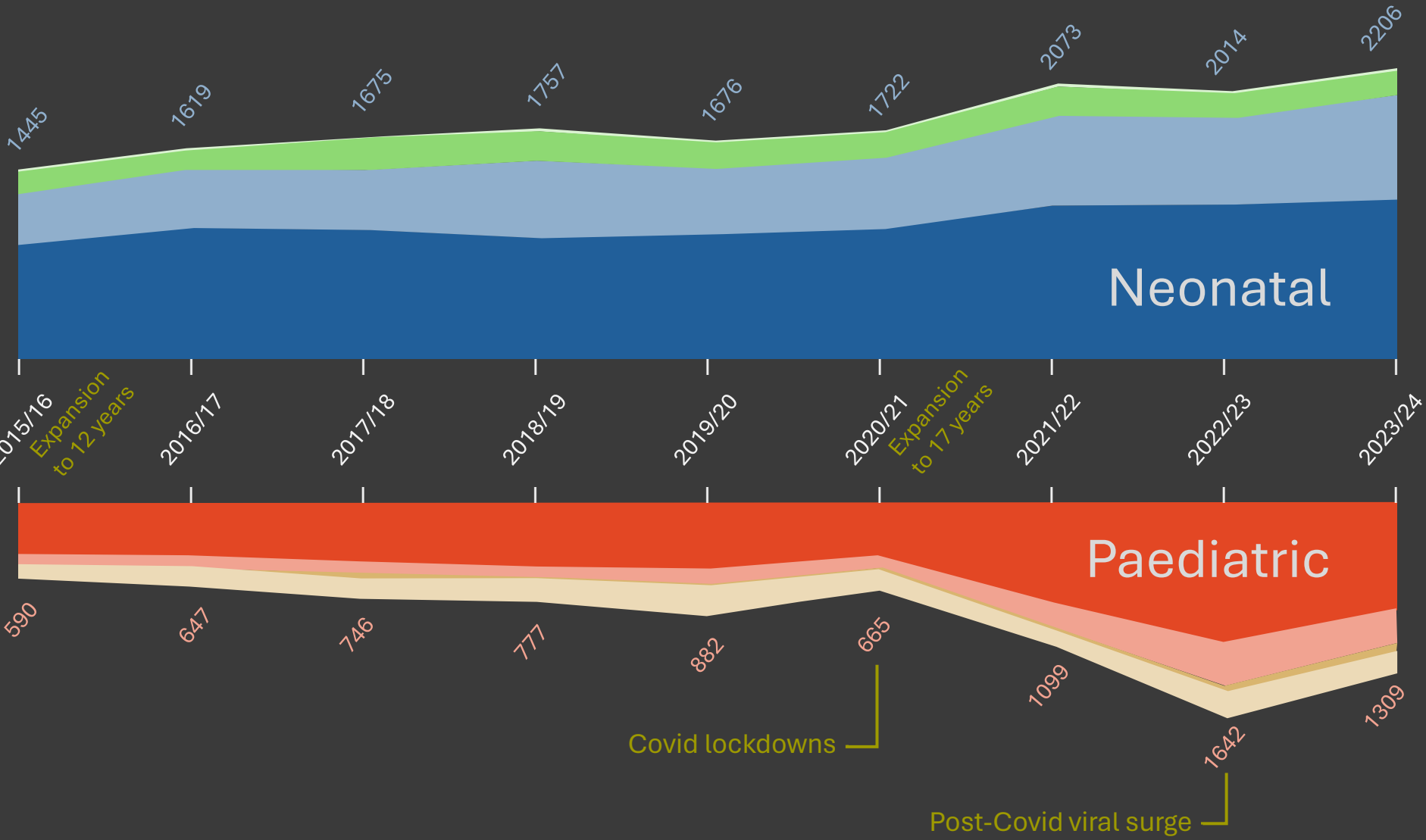
## Evolution of the ACTS Team

Changing the team **structure**, customizing the **vehicles**, identifying **system** needs, and improving the **quality** of care.

# Outcomes of calls received by the ACTS Team

\*excluding bed requests, cancelled calls, and maternal transfers

Neonatal calls: 16,178  
Paediatric calls: 8,375



Transported by another transport team (1%)  
Transported by referral team (11%)  
Advice only by ACTS MD (31%)  
Transported by ACTS Team (57%)

Transported by ACTS Team (64%)  
Advice only by ACTS MD (15%)  
Transported by referral team (4%)  
Transported by another transport team (17%)

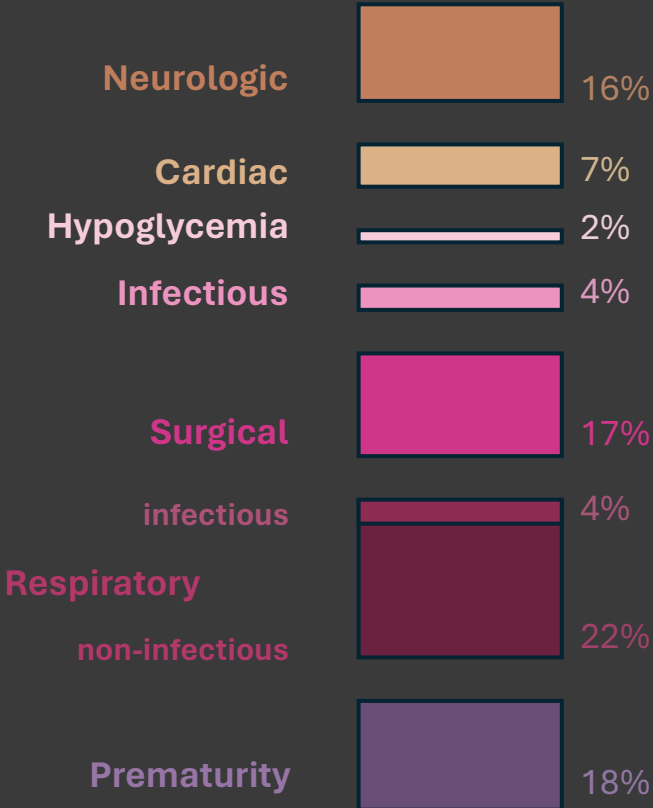
# Diagnosis distribution across patient age groups transported by ACTS

Data for fiscal year 2022/23



## Neonate

954 patients



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Data for fiscal year 2022/23



**Neonate**

954 patients



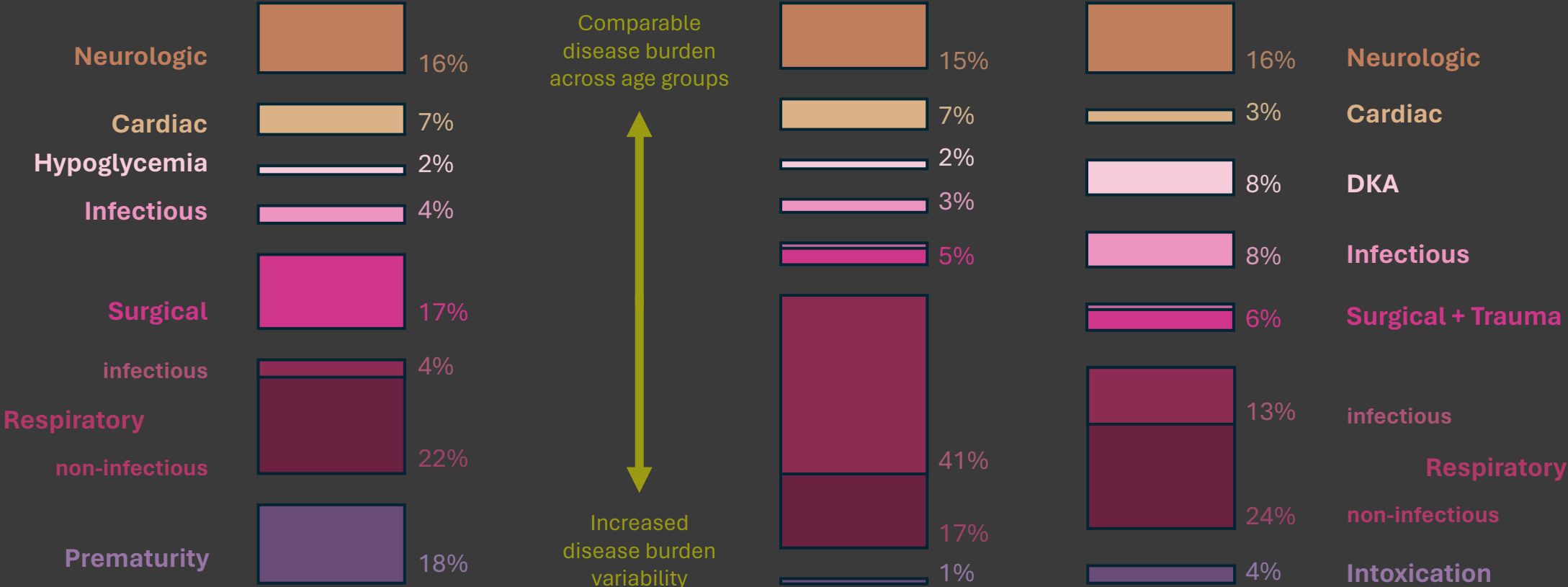
**≤ 2 years**

559 patients



**3-17 years**

503 patients



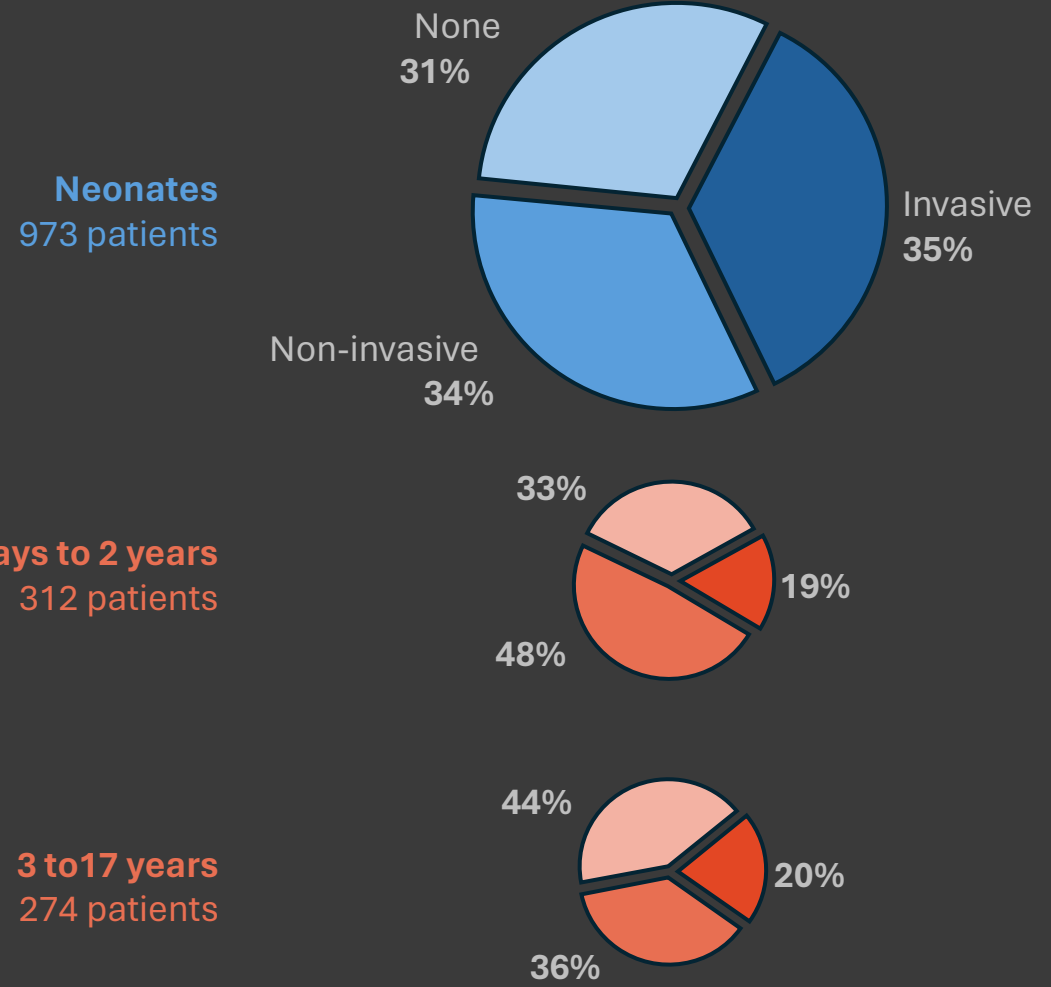
Comparable disease burden across age groups

Increased disease burden variability

# Mechanical ventilation and intubations

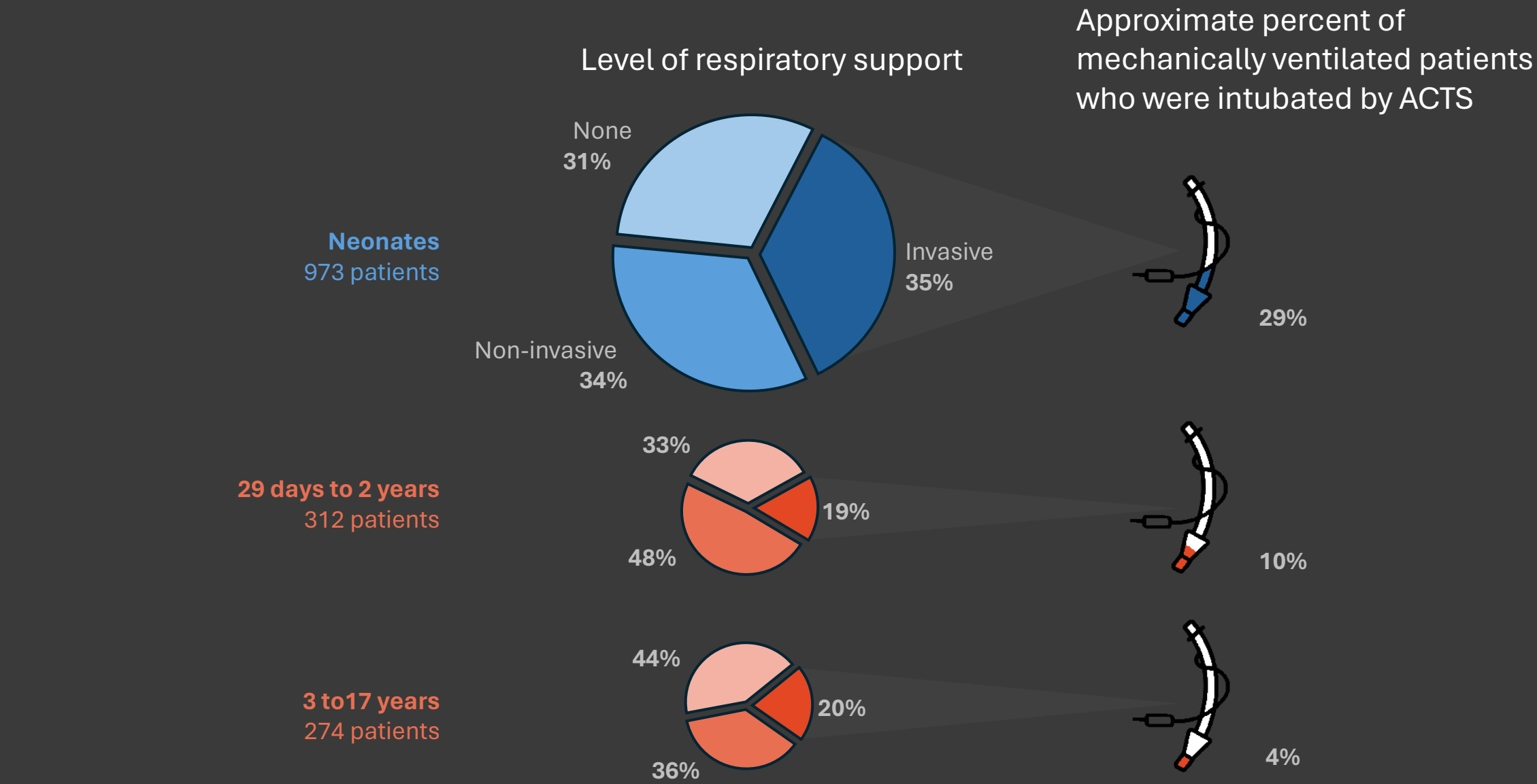
Yearly average from 2016 to 2023

### Level of respiratory support



# Mechanical ventilation and intubations

Yearly average from 2016 to 2023





# Recommendations for Minimal Set of Standards for Interfacility Critical Care Transport

Canadian Association of Paediatric Health Centres – Transport Systems, 2012

Professional Responsibilities

Communication

Health and Safety

Assessment & Diagnosis

Therapeutics

Integration

Transportation

"While each individual member of a transport team may not possess all of the required competencies, the critical care transport team, by the **collective sum** of its members' individual skills and abilities, will **meet the recommended minimum** set of required competencies."

# Integrating scope of service to paediatric age range

Highlights from ACTS' 2015 expansion to 12 years

## Step 1: Initial Education Period

Staggered approach to training:

- 3 groups
- 5-8 individuals per group
- **3-4 months** per group with 7 dedicated educational days
- 10 months total to complete this stage of training for all

### Areas of Focus

Equipment

Transport Ventilator  
Infusion Pumps  
Point-of-care Testing  
Defibrillator  
Paediatric Transport Decks  
Monitoring Equipment

Knowledge

Skills

Basic Life Support  
Paediatric Advanced Life Support  
Advanced Paediatric Life Support  
International Trauma Life Support  
Aero-medical Physiology  
Sedation Course  
ECG Course  
Child Maltreatment course

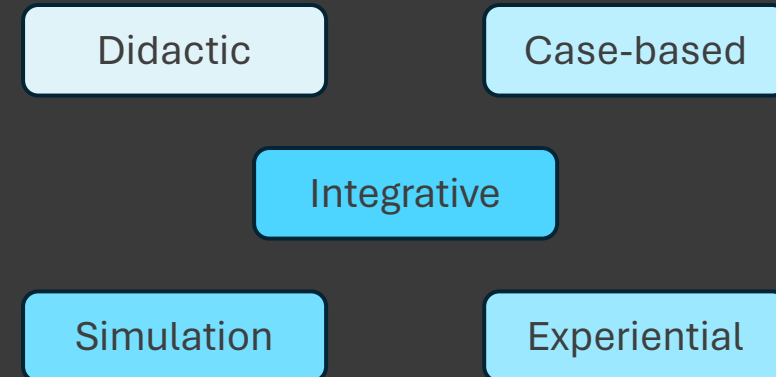
# Integrating scope of service to paediatric age range

Highlights from ACTS' 2015 expansion to 12 years

## Step 1: Initial Education Period

- Advanced assessment, history taking
- Cardiovascular:
  - hypovolemic, cardiogenic & distributive/neurogenic shock
  - dysrhythmias
- Respiratory:
  - upper & lower airway
  - cardio-pulmonary failure
  - respiratory care modalities & therapies
- Sepsis
- CNS:
  - Altered LOC, meningitis, trauma, seizures, shock, stroke
- Pharmacology, radiology & blood gas analysis
- Ingestion of Medications/Agents
- Trauma, Surgical Emergencies
- Fluids & electrolytes, glucose management
- Metabolic disorders
- Advanced skills & resuscitation
- SBAR, Crisis Resource Management (CRM)
- Families in crisis
- End of life care considerations

### Modes of Delivery



# Integrating scope of service to paediatric age range

Highlights from ACTS' 2015 expansion to 12 years

## Step 1: Initial Education Period

- Primer for Managing the Difficult Paediatric Airway
- Difficult Airway Management Station
- Vascular Access Station
- CPR Station
- Critical Care Hot Topics
- PICU Case Stream Simulation Room
- CCCU Case Stream Procedure Room

### Modes of Delivery

Didactic

Case-based

Integrative

Simulation

Experiential

# Integrating scope of service to paediatric age range

Highlights from ACTS' 2015 expansion to 12 years

## Step 2: Consolidation Period

Lasted up to **6 months** per transport clinician.

Participation in Educational Sessions

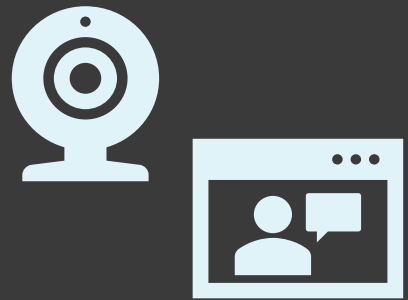
Participation in QI Sessions

Case Reviews

Self-evaluation

Progress Meetings

# Leveraging Evolving Technologies



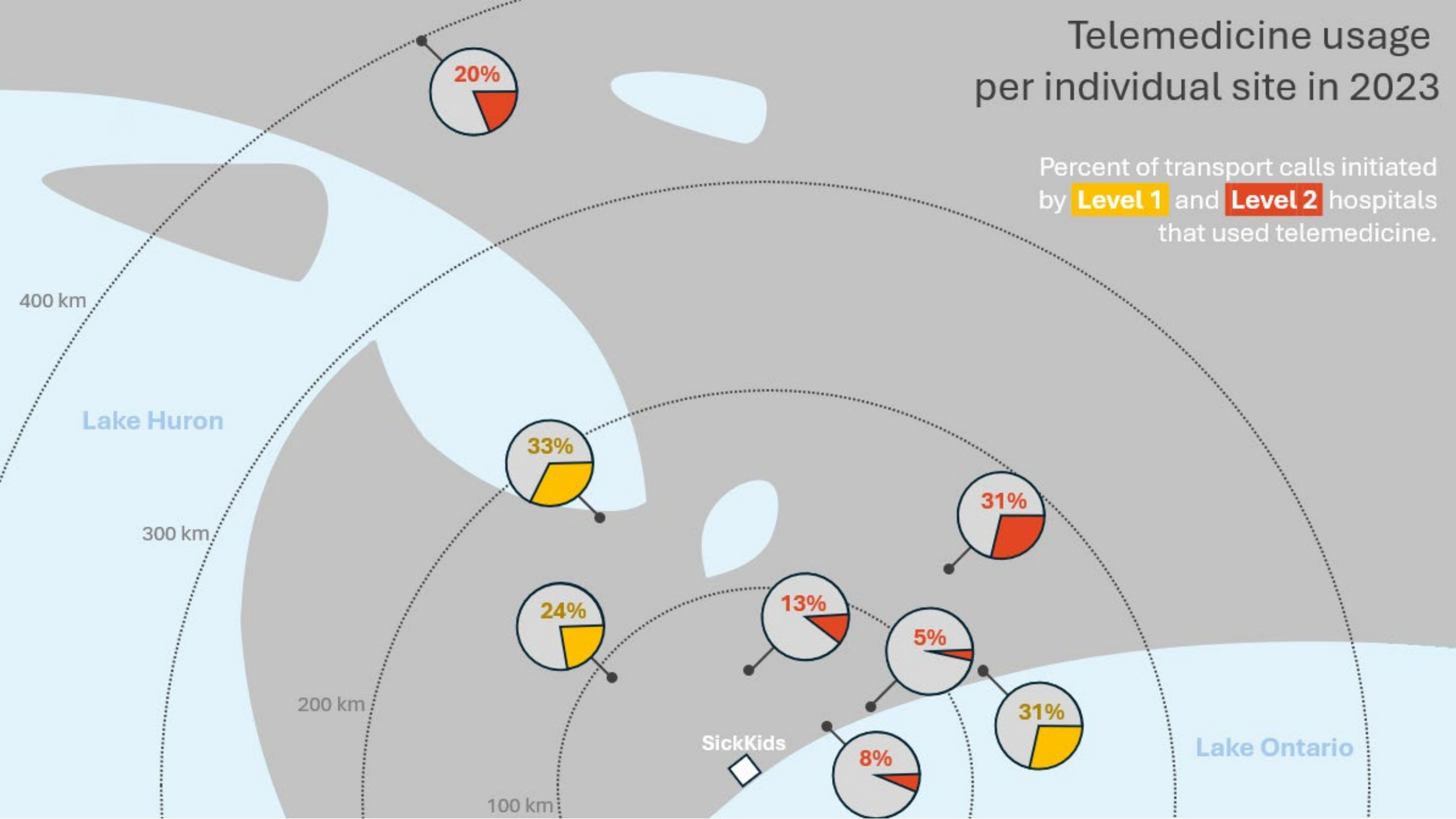
Telemedicine



Ultrasound

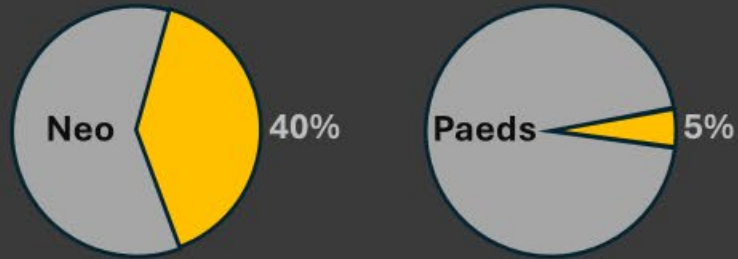
# Telemedicine usage per individual site in 2023

Percent of transport calls initiated by **Level 1** and **Level 2** hospitals that used telemedicine.



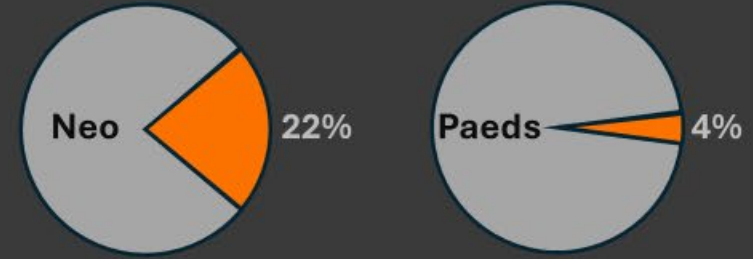
# Telemedicine Usage and Disposition Outcomes in 2023

## Level 1 Hospitals



Telemedicine was used in 40% of neonatal calls, and 5% of paediatric calls from Level 1 Hospitals.

## Level 2 Hospitals

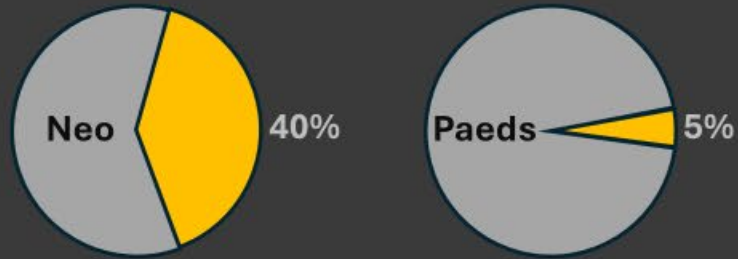


Telemedicine for neonatal calls was used half as often by Level 2 than Level 1 Hospitals.



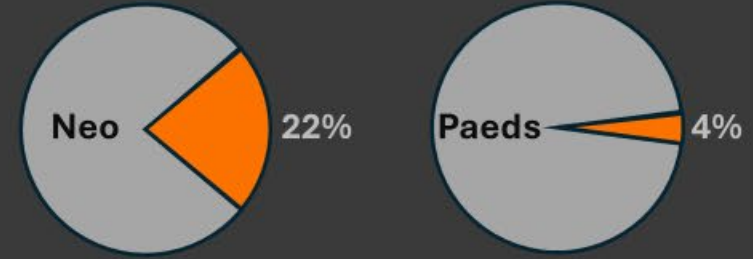
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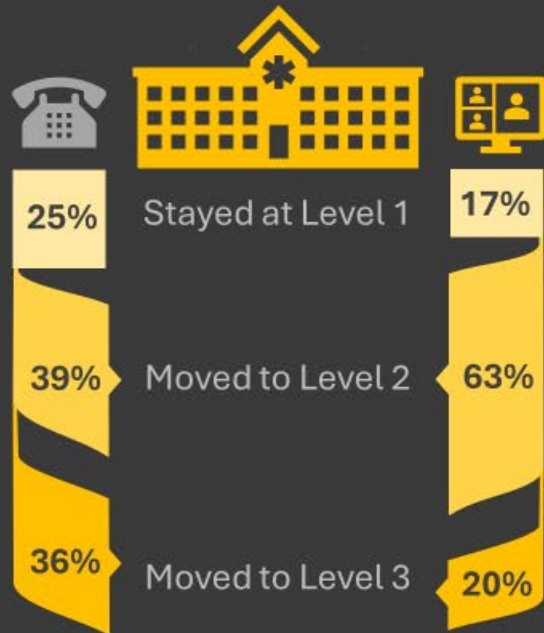


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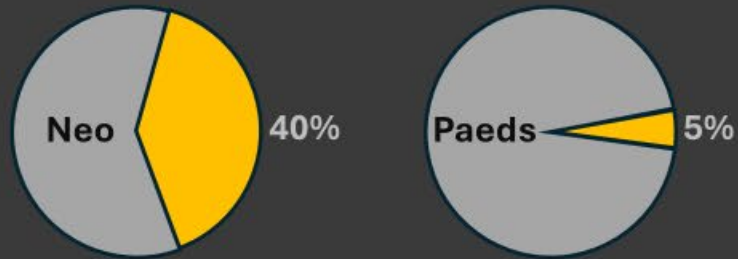


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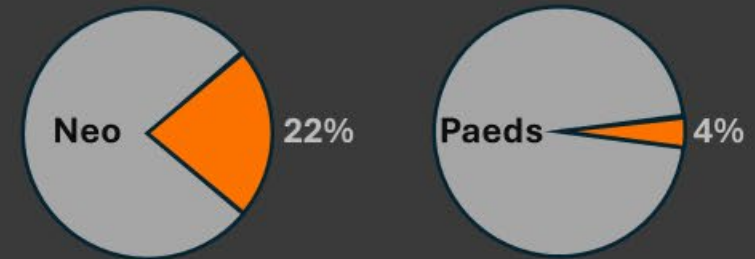
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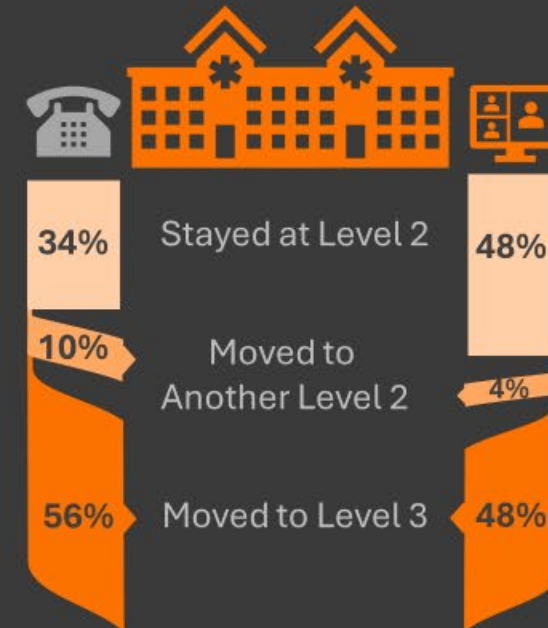
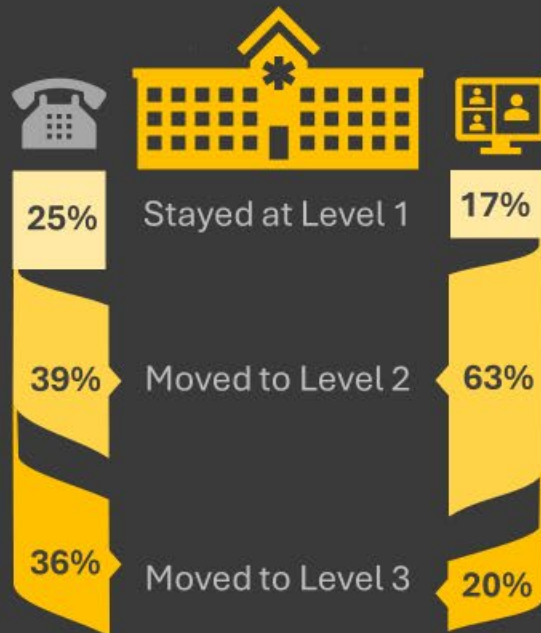


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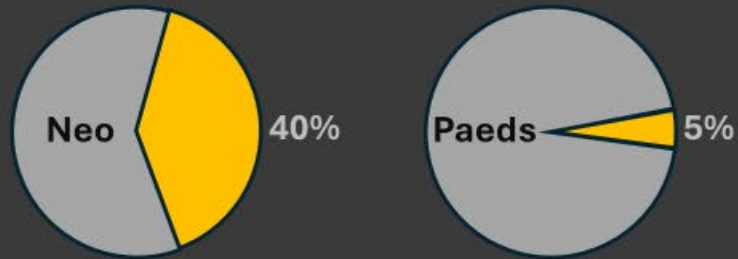


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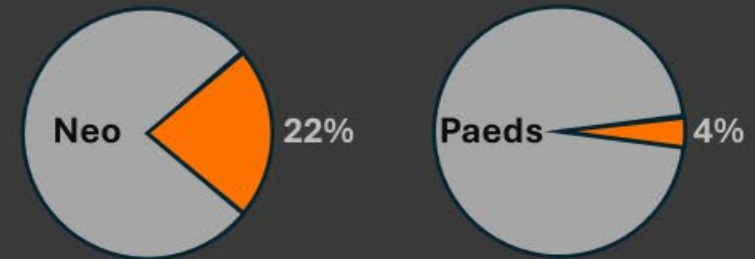
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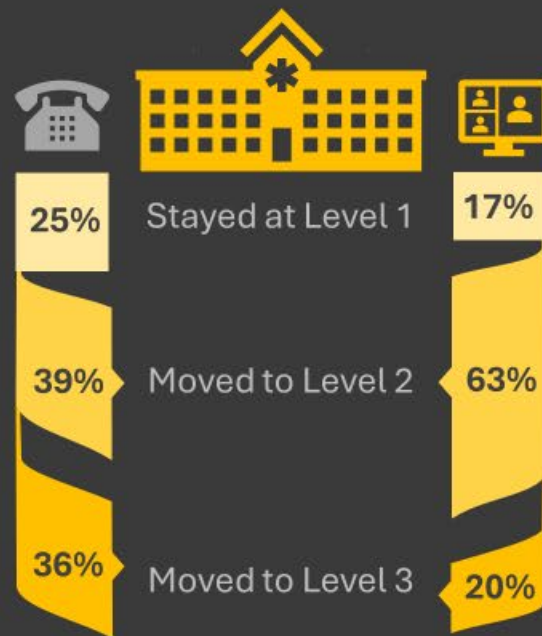


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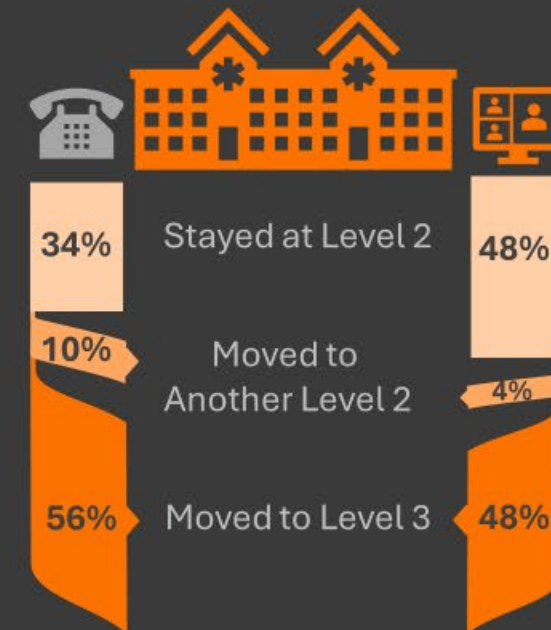
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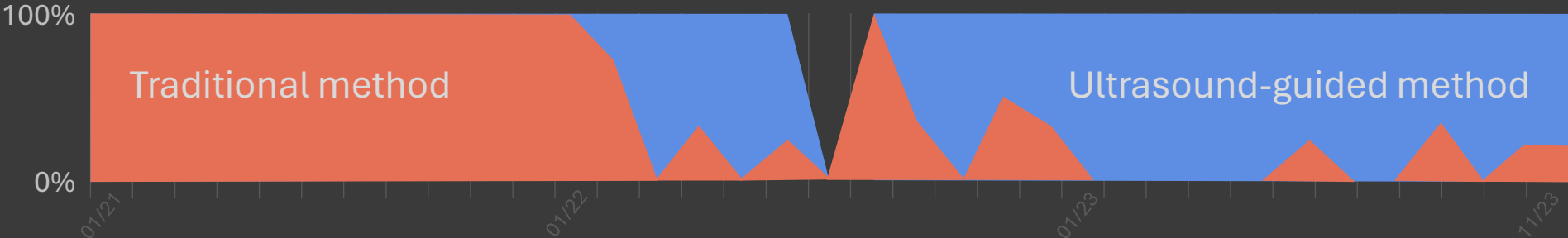


Increasing distance  
from patient's home

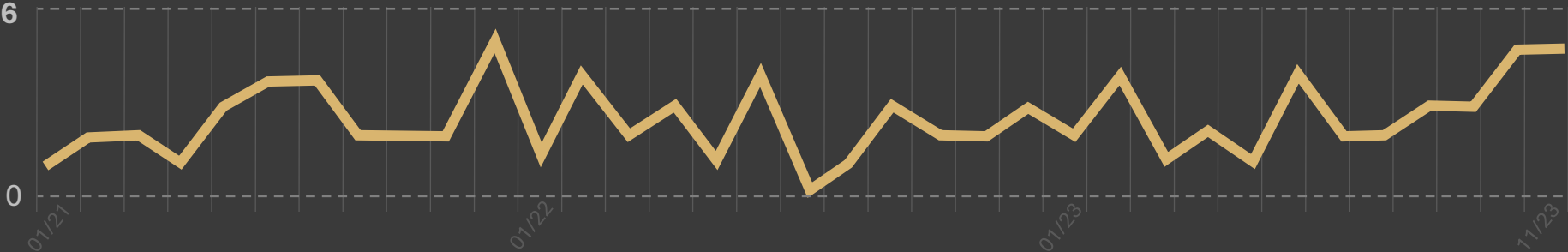


# Ultrasound-guided Approach for Peripheral Arterial Lines (PALs)

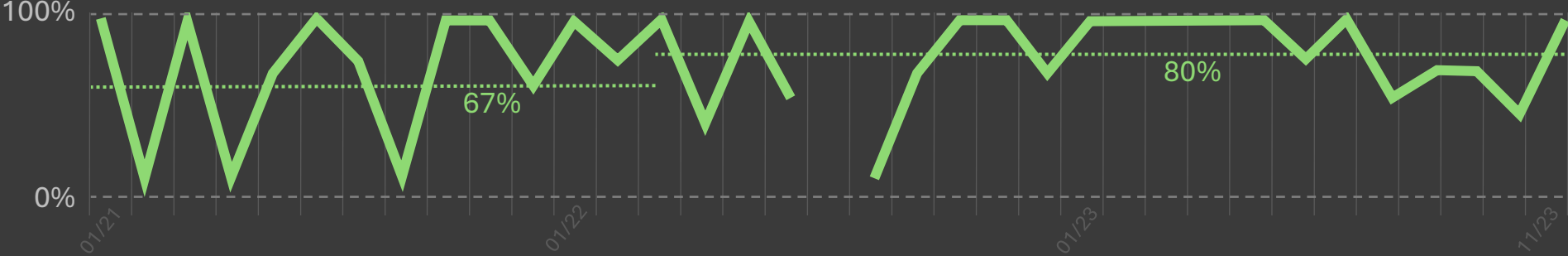
Transition from traditional to ultrasound-guided PAL placements

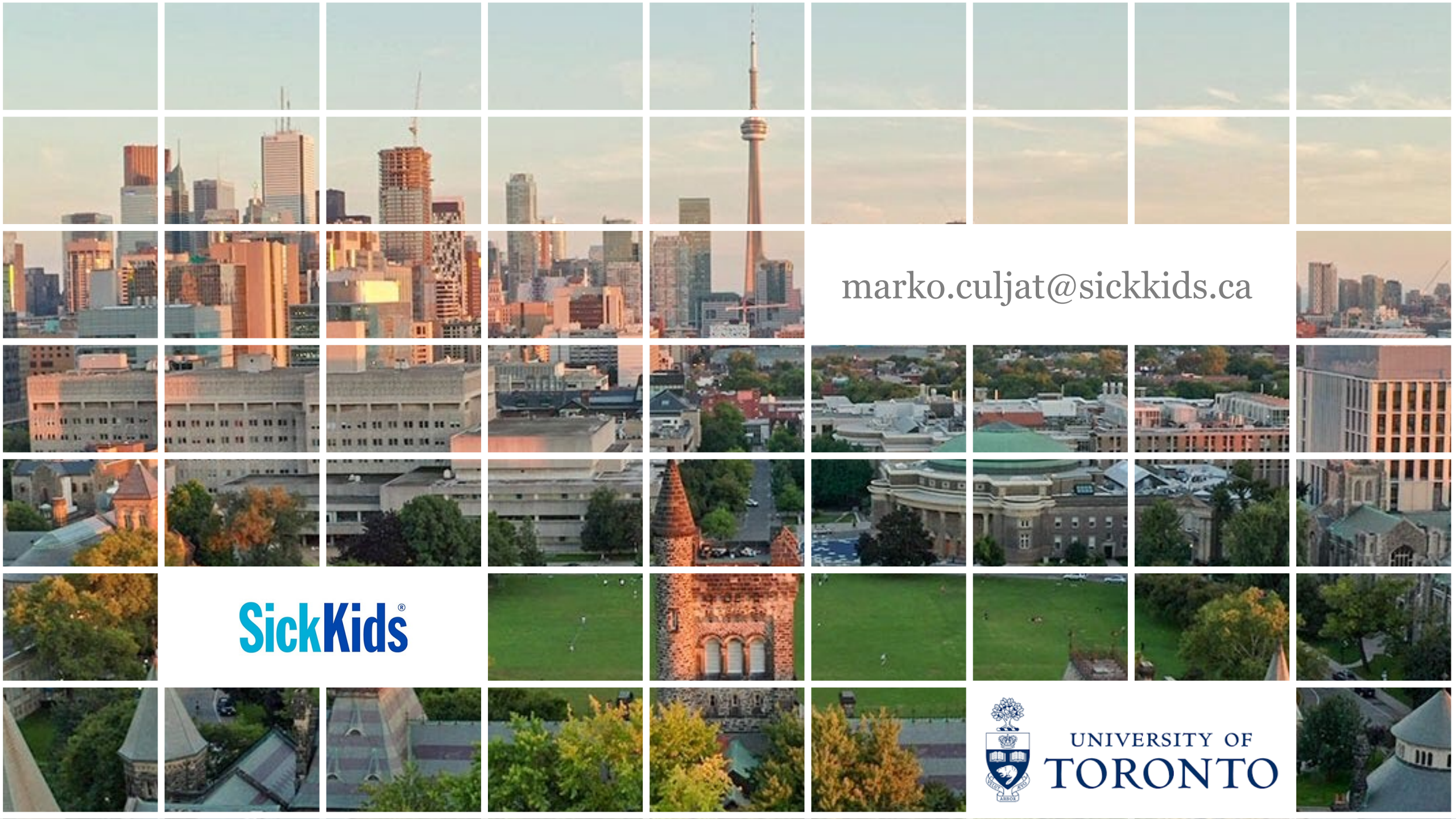


Number of monthly PALs placed by the ACTS Team



Overall success rate of PALs placed by the ACTS Team





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